CAMBODIA'S VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REVIEW OF IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA

Delegation of the Royal Government of Cambodia 16 July 2019



Cast iron commitment to the SDG Agenda

- Early adopter & enthusiastic supporter of SDGs
- Strong MDG performer, provides solid foundation for future progress
- Aligns with Cambodia Vision 2050 for an inclusive & sustainable High Income Cambodia
- SDGs offer a guide to continued developmental transformation
- Institutionalized within the Cambodia SDG Framework (the CSDGs)

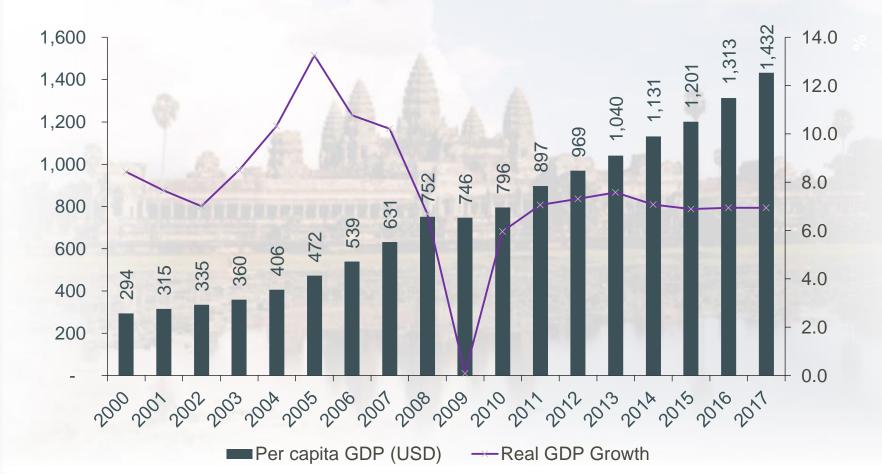


Context

- Remarkable national rehabilitation and reconstruction after decades of internal conflicts, 1970s genocide
- Economic transformation over 7% growth per annum for two decades and Progressive industrialization
- High & rapid poverty reduction from over 50% in 2004 to less than 10% in 2018
- Exceptional MDG performance, majority of goals met, some ahead of time
- Rapid Human development improvement global top ten, strongest rate of improvement in Asia-Pacific

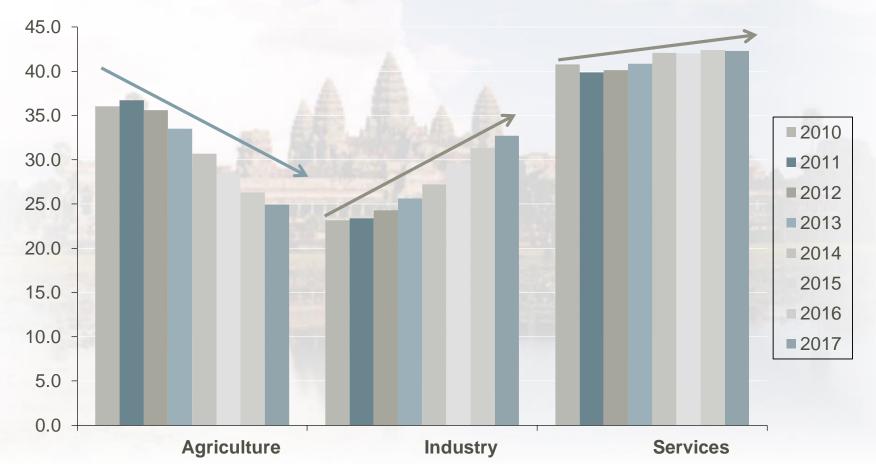
Cambodia

Cambodia's exceptional growth record





Remarkable structural transformation & industrialization





Thorough & extensive VNR process





and the

VNR strengthened policy planning & M&E

- Intrinsic value in consultation process: dissemination, validation & course adjustment. Enabled endorsement from Prime Minister
- **Partnering arrangements have a development dividend:** Joint implementation work, including private sector & communities
- Major delivery gains from marrying goals to national objectives, priorities in line with the National Plan
- Importance of "breaking down silos" to reflect the indivisibility, inter-dependence & complexity of the goals
- New policies need to ensure no one is left behind: "going the last mile" to reach marginalized; responding to demographic change & scaling-up service provision for vulnerable groups
- **Reaching out to other UN member states** showcasing Cambodia's efforts but also listening & learning



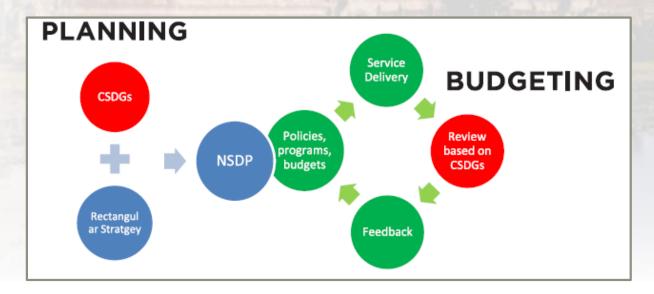
Systems & capacity strengthening are top priorities for the Government

- CSDGs (17+ de-mining goal) adopted, institutionalized M&E framework & reporting
- CSDG framework aligned with Vision 2050, complementary to national development objectives
- Key policies focusing on equity & inclusion, alongside ongoing economic success



Integration of CSDGs: 2 channels

- Matrixed to the Rectangular Strategy, within the National Strategic Development Plan
- Innovative use of CSDG targets & indicators within performance based budgeting



Cambodia

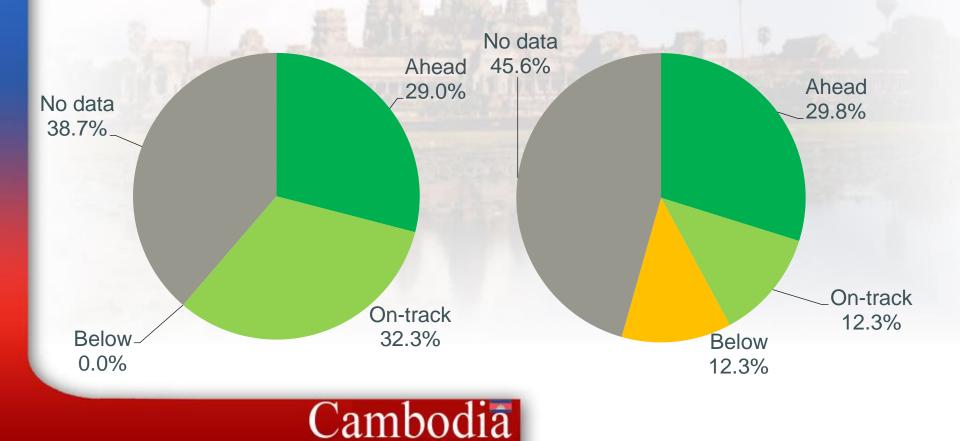
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Initial CSDG progress is strong

Six VNR priority goals: 60+% ahead or on track

Remaining 12 goals : Only 12% below track



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Delivery challenges & next steps

- Recognize the level of ambition in CSDGs & Vision 2050 approach cannot be "business as usual"
- Resourcing/ financing the CSDGs is vital: strong domestic revenues but declining ODA & growing public expectations
- Data & M&E needs to be right for context: Limited sources, target/ measure what is possible, review framework & institutional arrangements
- Management and capacity reforms are vital: Accelerate institutional development and performance management

